



# **B.A. LL.B. (5 YEAR) COURSE**

**SYLLABUS AT A GLANCE**

## **Semester - I**

### **Credit Marks**

Political Science Paper I 04 100

Economics I 04 100

Sociology Paper I 04 100

English I 04 100

Law of Torts including Motor Vehicle Accidents and Consumer Protection Laws 04 100

**SEMESTER I**  
**POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**PAPER- I**

**OBJECTIVE OF THE COURSE:** Political Science has a very close relationship with law and legal system. A political system cannot exist without a legal system and vice versa. In this course the students will be introduced to the basic elements of political science and also the various schools of thought that grapple with issues of Political Science.

Marks – 100 (Written – 80 + Project-20)

Credit-04

**MODULE-I:** Political Science :Nature and Scope and its relation to law.

**MODULE-II:** Approaches to Political Science

Traditional APPROACH

Modern Approach

Behaviouralism

Marxian Approach

**MODULE-III:** Concept of State and Government

**MODULE-IV:** Theories of the origin of state

**MODULE-V:** Modern Political thought

Liberalism

Socialism

Marxism

**MODULE-VI:** Indian Political thoughts

Classical Hindu Conceptions of State

Islamic Conceptions of State

**MODULE-VII:** Gandhism

**RECOMMENDED READING:**

**\*\*\*\* Only current editions are to be read.**

1. Modern Political Theory -S.P. Varma,  
Vikas, New Delhi.

2. Essays on Political Theory -F. Thakurdas, Gitanjali, New Delhi.
3. Grammar of Politics -H.J. Laski, Allen & Unwin, London.
4. Political Theory & Modern State -B. Held, Polity Press, Cambridge.
5. Cooperative Government -S.E. Finer, Harmondsworth, Penguin Publisher.
6. State & Government in Ancient India -A.S. Altekar Motilal Benarasi Das, Delhi
  
7. Conquest of Violence : The Gandhian -J.V. Bondurant, Philosophy of Conflict University of California, Berkeley
  
8. The Moral and Political Thought -R. Iyer, of M. Gandhi Oxford University Press, Delhi.

## **ECONOMICS PAPER – I**

**OBJECTIVE OF THE COURSE:** The present era is the era of economics. An efficient legal system and good government cannot ignore the nuances of economics. Every person has a concern with economics and the progress of the nation. In this course of economics the students will be introduced to the basic elements of economics.

Marks – 100 (Written – 80 + Project-20)

Credit-04

### **MODULE-I: General Principle**

1. General Concepts: Value and Price, Economic Agents, Equilibrium, Equation and Identity, Functional Relation, Elasticity of a Function.
2. Economics as a Science and its relevance to law.
3. Economics as a basis of social Welfare and Social Justice.

### **MODULE-II: Micro Economics**

1. Fundamentals of Consumer Behaviour: Demand and Supply Functions, Elasticity of Demand and Supply, Consumers' Equilibrium.
2. Market Determinations: Production, Cost, Market Types- Determination of Equilibrium Price and output in different market types

### **MODULE-III: Indian Economy –I**

1. Introduction to Indian Economy: Population, Agriculture and Service Sectors.
2. National Income in India: National Income estimates in India, Trends in National Income – Growth and Structure.
3. Poverty : Concept of Poverty, International Comparison of Poverty, Five Year Plans and Removal of Poverty, Causes of failure to remove poverty.
4. Demographic Profile of Indian Economy: Rapid Growth of Population, Population and Economic Development.
5. Unemployment in India: Causes, Effects and Government Policies of Generating Employment Opportunities.
6. Privatization in India: Comparison of the Public and Private Sector, Meaning and Scope of Privatization, Attempts of Privatization in India.

#### **RECOMMENDED READINGS:**

1. Modern Economics -H.L. Ahuja
2. Contemporary Economics -Sampad Mukherjee
3. Indian Economy -R.Datt & K.P.M. Sundharam
4. Indian Economy -S.K. Mishra & V.K. Puri
5. Indian Economics -K.K. Dewett, J.D. Varma and M.L. Sharma

### **SOCIOLOGY PAPER- I**

**OBJECTIVE OF THE COURSE:** Law cannot exist in vacuum. The Canvas on which law operates is the society. Therefore law and Society complement each other and are intimately related for they shape each other. So it is very important for a law student to understand the society in which one lives and hopes to make a difference. This course of sociology is the first step in that direction.

Marks – 100 (Written – 80 + Project-20)

Credit-04

#### **MODULE-I: Sociology and Law**

Definitions, Nature and Scope of Sociology

Relationship between Law and Sociology

## **MODULE-II: Sociological Concepts**

1. Basic Concepts- (Definitions, Functions, Inter- relationships) Community, Institution, Association, Norms and Values, Status and Role; Culture; Socialisation.
2. Social Stratification: Concept; Theories (Marx & Weber); Types.
3. Social Change: Concept; Types – (Evolution, Progress, Revolution, Transformation, Change in Structure) Social Change in Indian; Factors of Social Change in India.
4. Marriage: Definitions; Concept; Functions; Types.  
Hindu Marriage : Features, Conditions, Changes in Marriage System and Hindu Marriage Act 1955  
Muslim Marriage: Feature, Dower, Various forms of Marriage, and Talaq.  
Christian Marriage : Features, Conditions, Rituals and Christian Marriage Act, 1872
5. Family: Definitions; Concept; Functions; Types; Changes –Structural and Functional; Factors of Changes.
6. Social Control: Definitions; Concepts; Agencies of Social Control.

### **RECOMMENDED READING:**

**\*\*\*\* Only current editions are to be read.**

1. Fundamentals of Sociology : P. Gisbert
2. Sociology: D.C. Bhattachariya
3. An Introduction to Social Anthropology: Makhan Jha
4. Sociology: T.B. Bottomore
5. Social System in India : Ram Ahuja
6. Sociology : M. Haralambos and R.M. Herald
7. An introduction to Sociology : Vidyabhushan

**ENGLISH  
PAPER – I**

**OBJECTIVE OF THE COURSE:** Every Profession has its own language. This language is adapted from another prevalent language with which common communication takes place. Literature is also a means of reflecting social strengths and weakness which evoke legal response. In law English has thus far been the language of communication. All important legal materials are in English. It is therefore important to learn English and this course intends to give you an insight into the language.

Marks – 100 (Written – 80 + Project-20)

Credit-04

**MODULE-I: BASIC GRAMMAR**

Tense and Concord

Basic transformations: Positive and Negative Sentences

Simple, Complex and Compound Sentences

Change in Voice

Change of Narration

Wh-Questions

Questions Tag and short Response

Preposition and Determiners

Some common Errors in English

**RECOMMENDED READING:**

**\*\*\*\* Only current editions are to be read.**

1. Bolton, David and Goodey, Noel. English Grammar in Steps, New Delhi: Orient Blackswan
2. Eastwood, John. Oxford Practice Grammar, New Delhi: Oxford University Press
3. Hewings, Martin. Advanced Grammar I use, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press.
4. Murphy, Raymond. Essential Grammar in Use, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press
5. Quirk, Randolph and Greenbaum, Sidney. A University Grammar of English, Essex: ELBS.

6. Swan, Michael and Walter, Catherine, The Good English Grammar Book, New Delhi: Oxford University Press
7. Swan, Michael. Basic English Usage, Kolkata : Oxford University Press.
8. Swan, Michael. Practical English Usage, Kolkata : Oxford University Press
9. Thomson, A.J. and Martinet A.V. (eds.) A Practical English Grammar, Delhi : Oxford University Press.
10. Thornbury, Scott. Natural Grammar, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
11. Wood, F.T. A Remedial English Grammar for Foreign Students, Chennai: Macmillan.

### **MODULE-II: READING COMPREHENSION AND WRITING SKILL**

Reading Comprehension (Practice of Unseen Passages)

Essay on Literal, Cultural and Legal Topics

Formal and Informal Correspondence

Précis Writing

Report Writing: Status and Policy Reports

Writing Proposals

### **RECOMMENDED READING:**

**\*\*\*\* Only current editions are to be read.**

1. Ashley, A. The Oxford Handbook of Commercial Correspondence, New Delhi: Oxford University Press
2. Folens, Core Skills in English: Grammar, Comprehension, Creative Writing, Folens Limited
3. Gupta, Nilanjana. Communicate with Confidence, New Delhi: Anthem Press
4. Seely, John. The Oxford Guide to Writing and Speaking, New Delhi: Oxford University Press
5. Singh, Vandana R. The Written Word, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

### **MODULE-III: BASIC COMMUNICATION SKILL**

(For the purpose of internal Assessment / Project work / Group Discussion only)

Oral Communication-Introduction oneself, Greeting, making Requests, Asking for and Giving Permission, Offering Help, Giving Instruction and Directions

Professional Communication- Public Speaking, Seminar and Conferences,

Interviews, Group Discussion

**RECOMMENDED READING:**

**\*\*\*\* Only current editions are to be read.**

Dutt, P. Kiranmai and Rajeevan, Geetha. Basic Communication Skills, New Delhi Foundation Books.

Farhathullah, T.M. Communication Skills for Technical Students, Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan.

Kumar, E. Suresh and Sreehari, P. Communicative English, Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan

Rogerson, Pamela and Gilbert, Judy B. Speaking Clearly, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press

Sadanand, Kamlesh and Punitha, Susheela. Spoken English: A Foundation Course (Part –I & II), Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan.

Sasikumar. V. and Dhamija, P.V. Spoken English: A Self –Learning Guide to Conversation Practice, New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.

**LAW OF TORTS INCLUDING M.V. ACCIDENTS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION LAWS**

**OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:** There is a twilight zone between Contract and crime where there is only the concept of wrong and not offence and breach. Law of Torts along with other enactment introduces the student to this unique world of wrongs.

Marks – 100 (Written – 80 + Project – 20)

Credit : 04

**MODULE – I :** Origin of Tort Theory, Development of Law of Torts in England and in India Definition , Nature and Scope of Torts

**MODULE – II :** GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF TORTS

Essential of Torts- Act or Omission, Mental element, damages (Injuria sine Damnum and Damnum sine Injuria)

Damages – (Remoteness of damage causation)

General Defences – capacity, Vicarious liability, Joint and Several Tortfeasors, Extinction of liability etc.

General Exception to liability – Act of State, Judicial and Quasi Judicial Acts, Parental and Quasi parental Act, Necessity, Inevitable accident, mistake, Leave and license, Act of Good Self Defence.



## **MODULE – III: SPECIFIC TORTS**

1. Torts based on international wrong-doing
  - a. Trespass to person-assault, Battery, False Imprisonment
  - b. Trespass to land and Chattel
  - c. Deceit
  - d. Malicious Prosecution.
2. Negligence- Torts based on negligent wrongdoing.
3. Nervous shock
4. Nuisance,
5. Defamation
6. Torts based on strict and absolute liability

## **MODULE – IV: CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT, 1986.**

Aims and objectives of the Act

Definition

Rights of the consumer

Consumer Protection Councils

Complaints and process of making of Complaints

Composition, Powers, functions and Jurisdiction of Consumer Dispute Redressal Agencies

Reliefs and Redressal

## **MODULE – V : MOTOR VEHICLES ACT, 1988**

Objects and Reasons

Definitions

Licensing of Drivers of Motor vehicle

Registration of Motor vehicles

Liability without fault in certain cases

Insurance of Motor vehicles against third party risk

**\*\*\*\*\*Students are expected to read current case laws. Only the current enactments and enactments as amended upto date will be taught.**

**Recommended READING**

**\*\*\*\*\* Only current editions are to be read**

1. MARK LUNEY & KEN OLIPHANT, TORT LAW: TEXT AND

MATERIAL, OXFORD UNIVERISTY PRESS

2. W.V.H. ROGERS, WINFIELD & JOLOWICZ ON TORTS, SWEET & MAXWELL

3. R.F.V. HEUSTON (Ed), SALMOND AND HEUSTON ON LAW OF TORTS, SWEET & MAXWELL.

4. RATANLAL & DHIRAJLAL, THE LAW OF TORTS, WADHWA & COMPANY

5. P.S. ACHUTHAN PILLAI, EASTERN BOOK COMPANY